

# Status of the Saker Falcon (*Falco cherrug*) in Hungary between 1980 and 2022

János Bagyura,  
Tamás Szitta,  
László Haraszthy,  
Mátyás Prommer &  
Márton Horváth

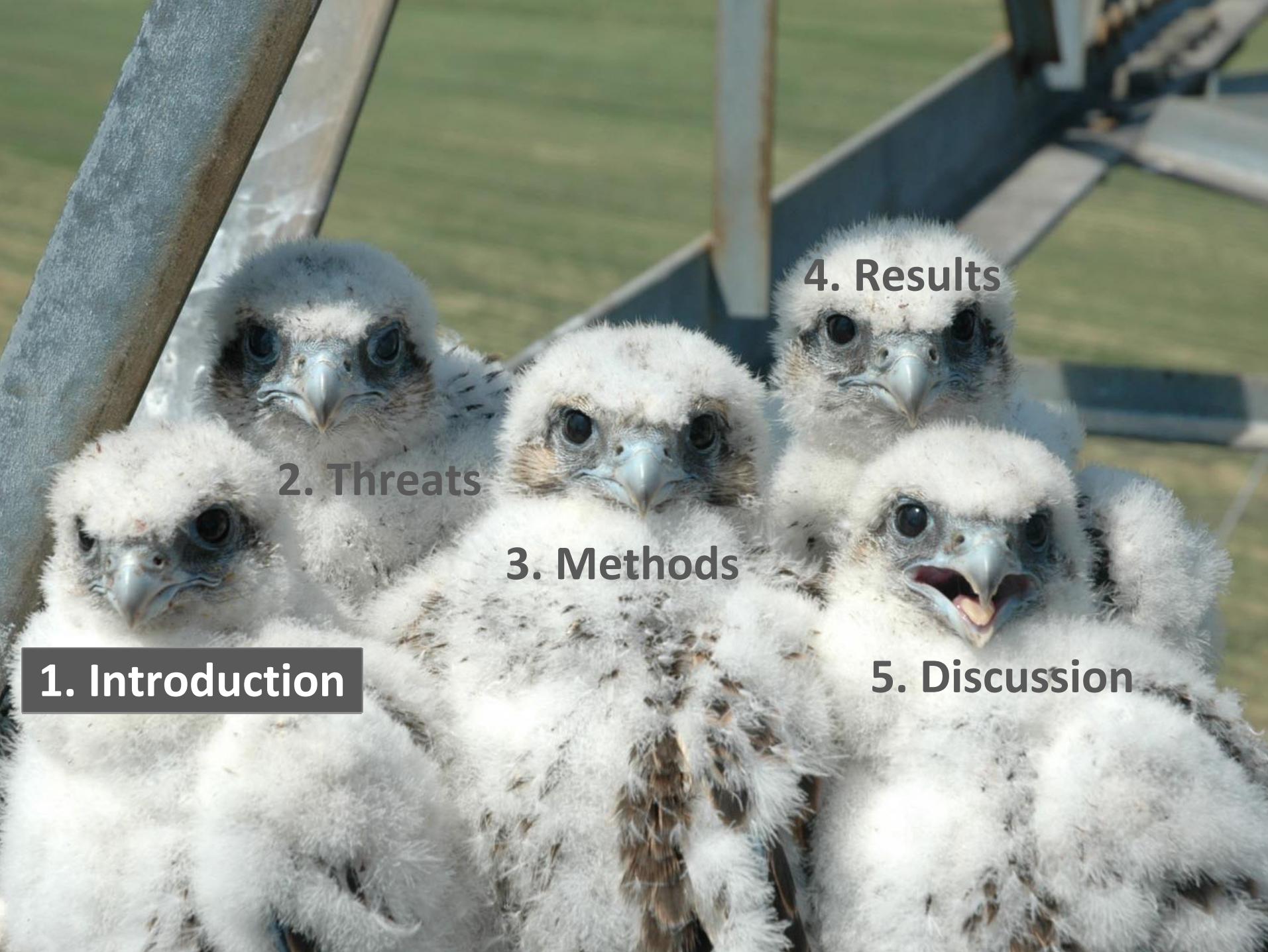


*Eagles of the Palearctic: Study and Conservation*  
Third International Scientific and Practical Conference  
International Workshop: Population Status and Problems of Conservation of the Saker Falcon  
Almaty, Kazakhstan, 24. September 2023





János Bagyura

A close-up photograph of five young peregrine falcon chicks. They are covered in white downy feathers with some brown spots on their wings and tails. They are perched on a dark, metallic structure, possibly a nest box or part of a wind turbine. The background is a blurred green field.

**1. Introduction**

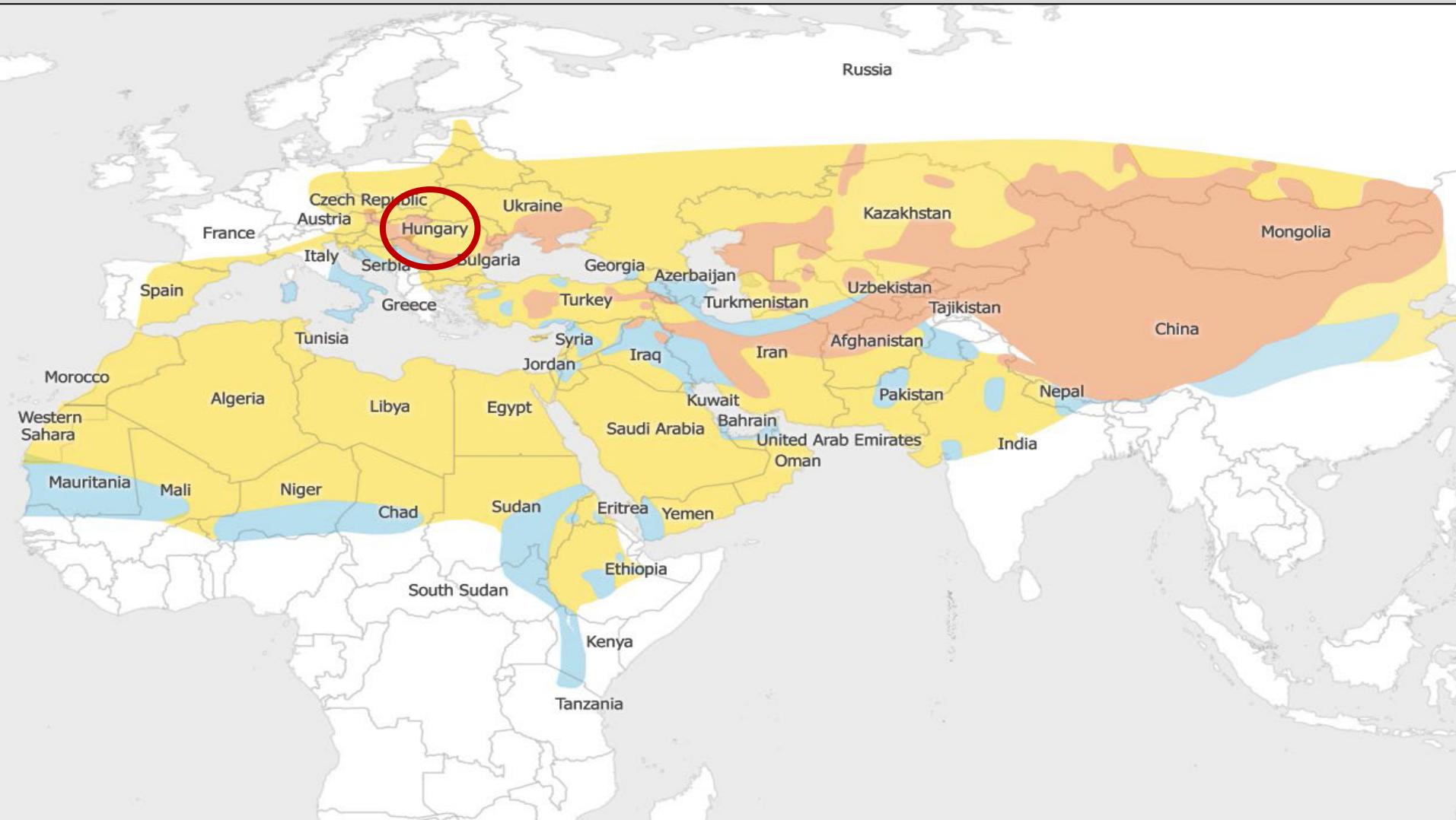
**3. Methods**

**2. Threats**

**4. Results**

**5. Discussion**

# Distribution



# Introduction

1900: *regular, but not common*

1950: *rare*

1970: *brink of extinction* due to DDT + persecution

1950:

Saker Falcon

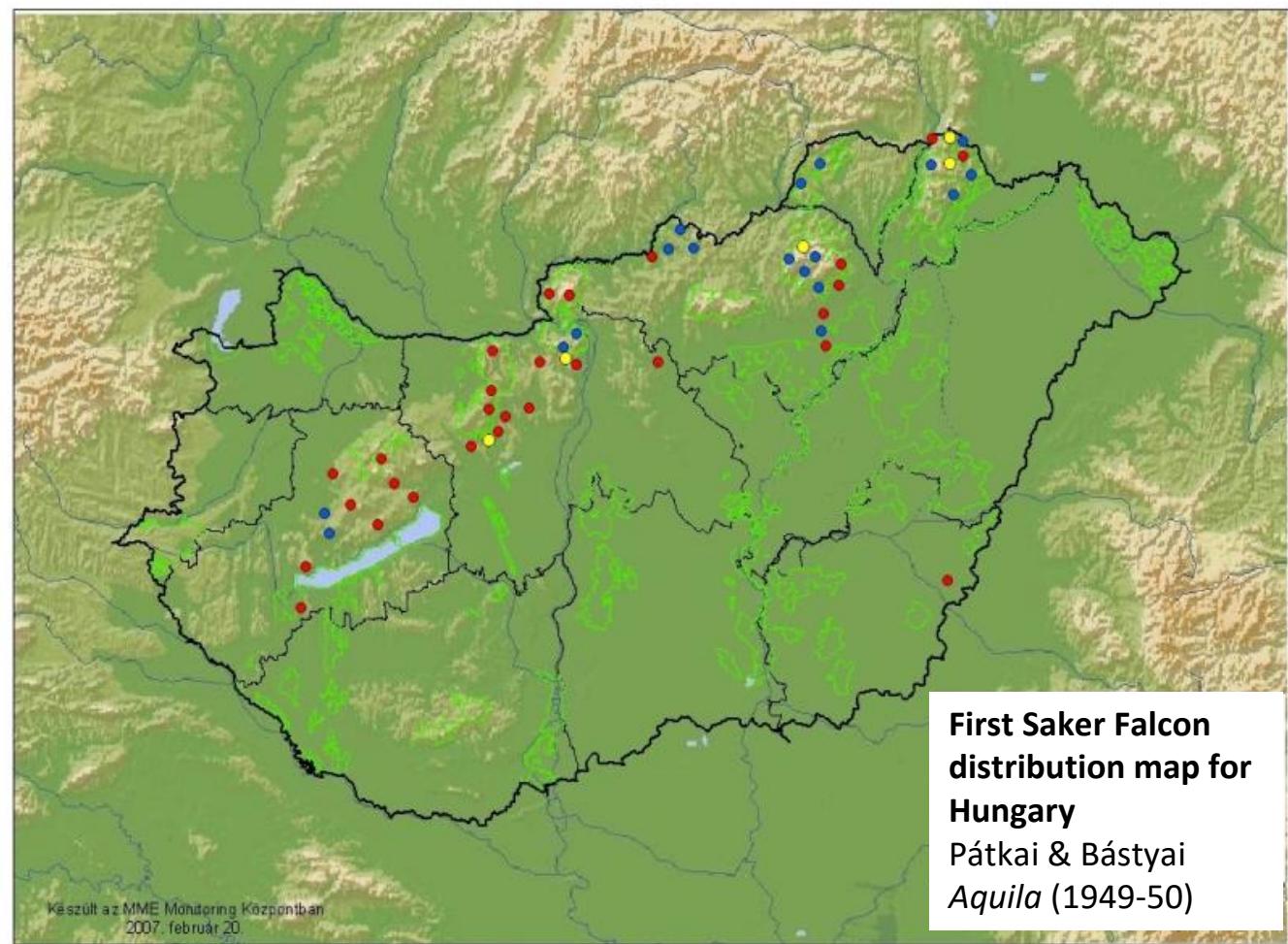
(28)

Imperial Eagle

(5)

Peregrine Falcon

(18)



# Hungarian Saker Falcon Conservation Program

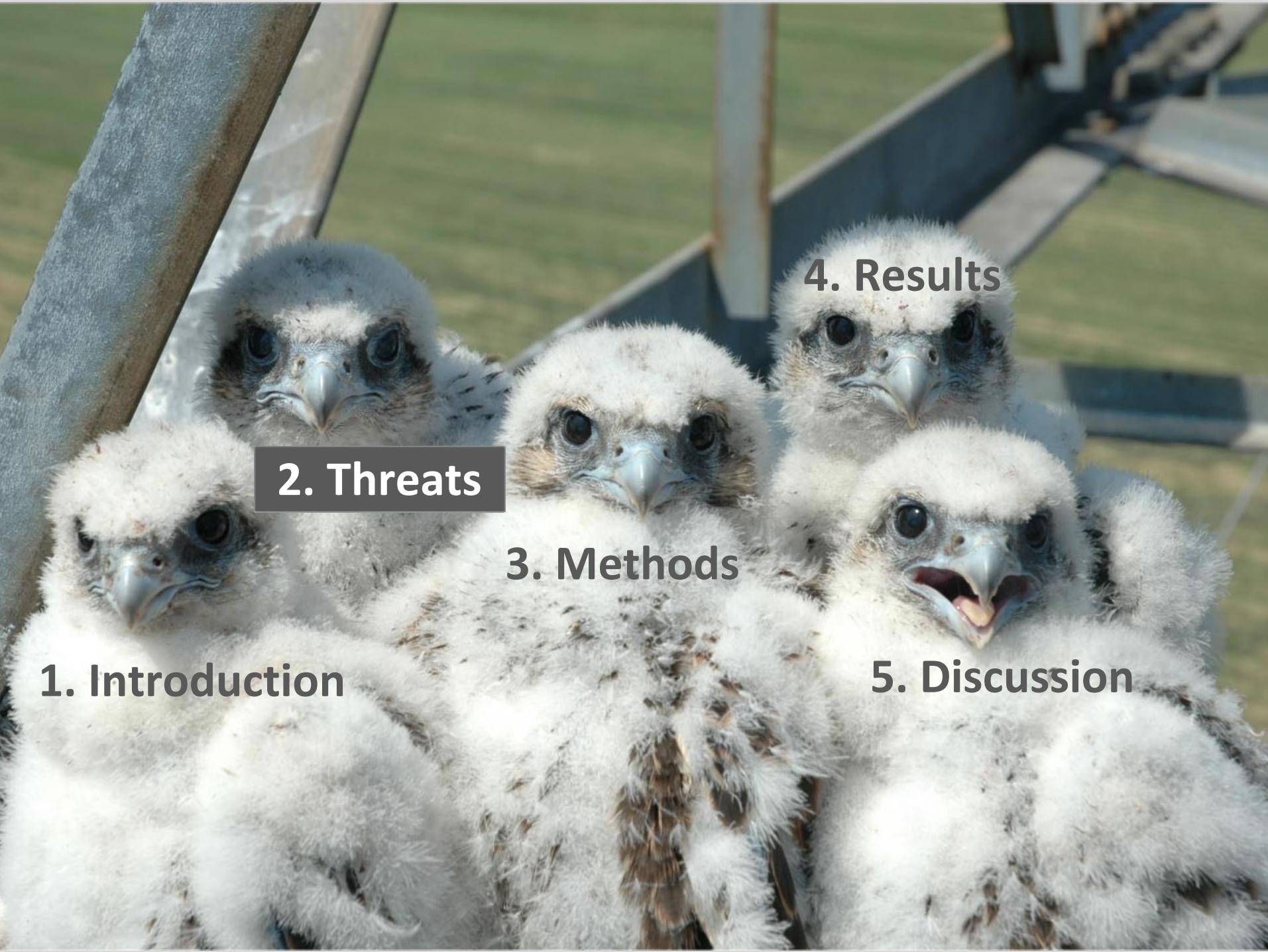
MME BirdLife Hungary 1974

MME Raptor Conservation Group

10 National Park Directorates 1973-  
2002

Saker Falcon Working Group





**1. Introduction**

**2. Threats**

**3. Methods**

**4. Results**

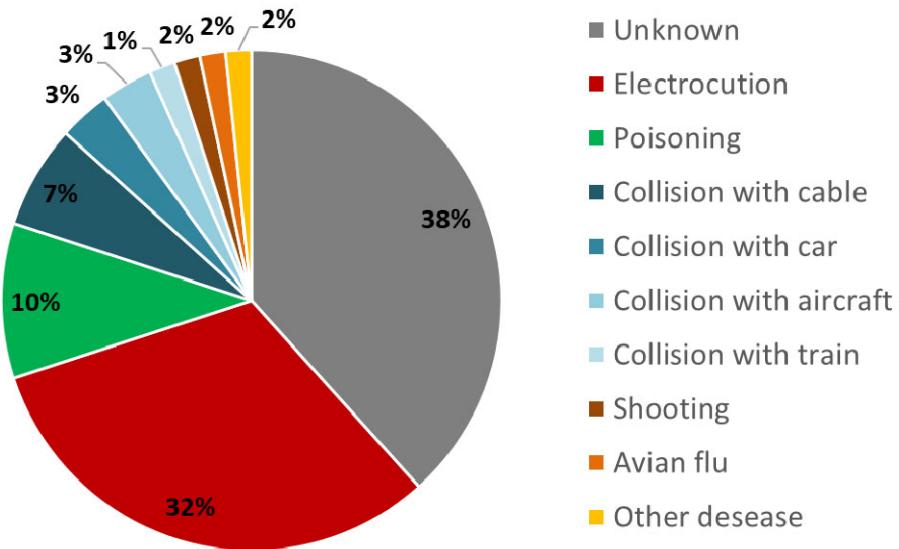
**5. Discussion**

# Causes of mortality in Hungary

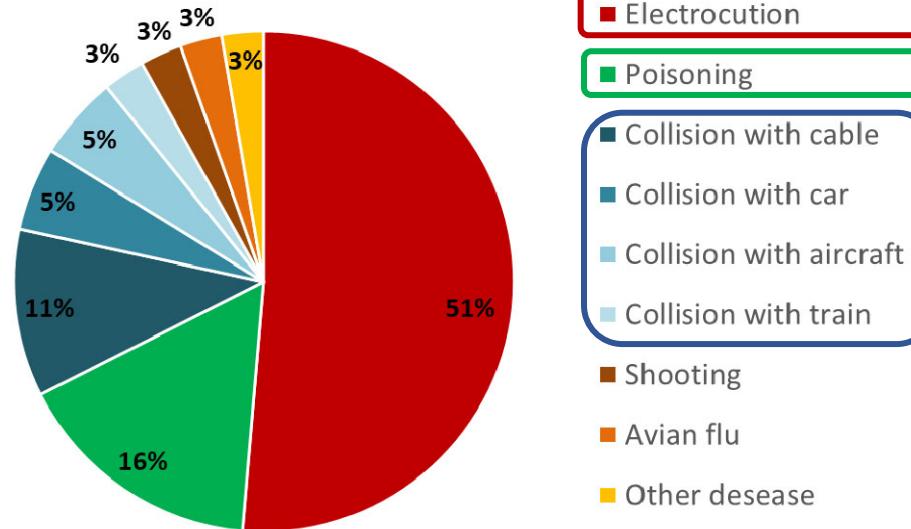


Causes of mortality of Saker Falcons in Hungary

(2010-2019, n=60)



Known causes of mortality of Saker Falcons in Hungary (2010-2019, n=37)



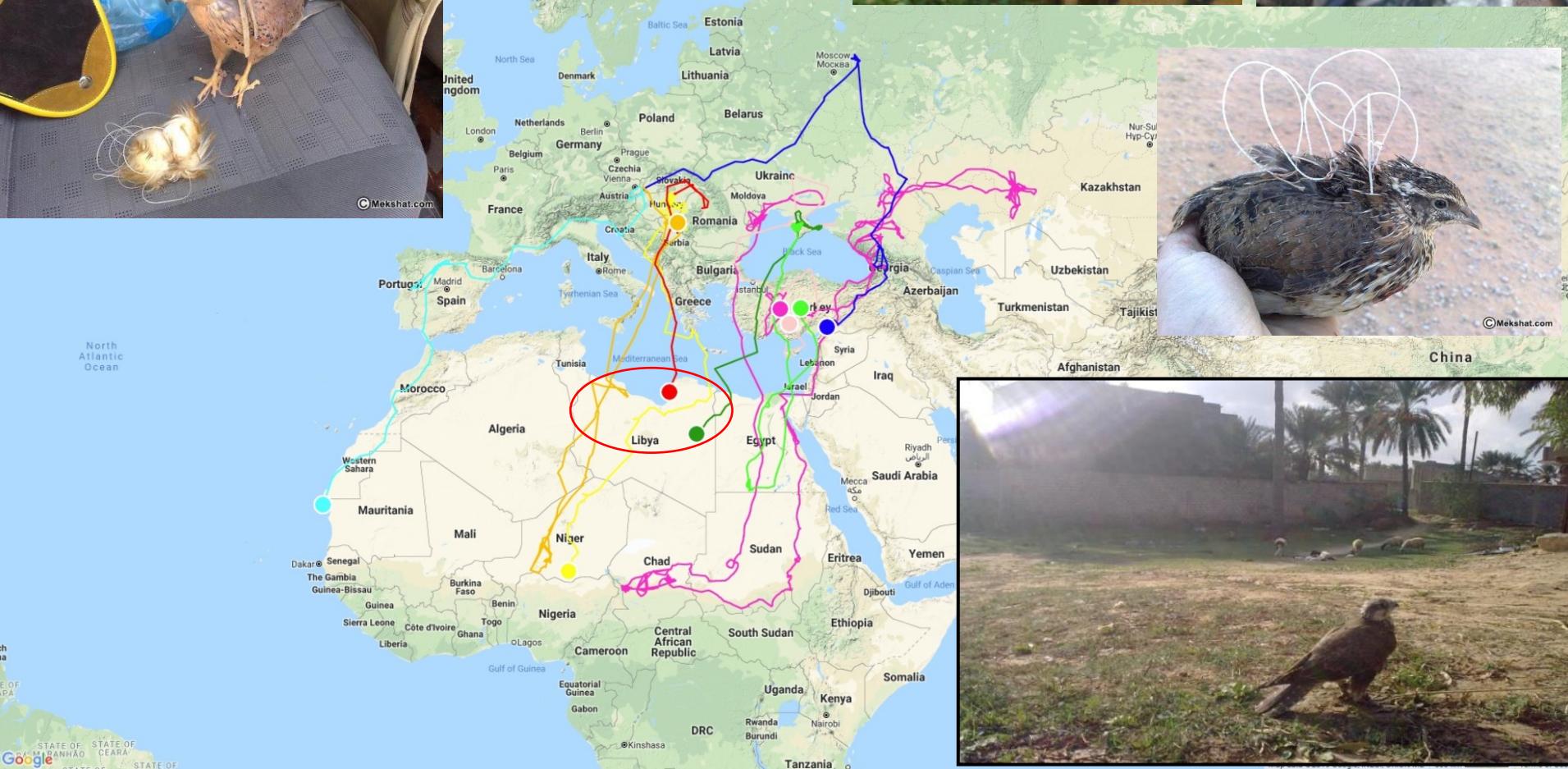
# Electrocution



# Poisoning



# Trapping: North-Africa (Libya) & Middle-East



# Habitat loss



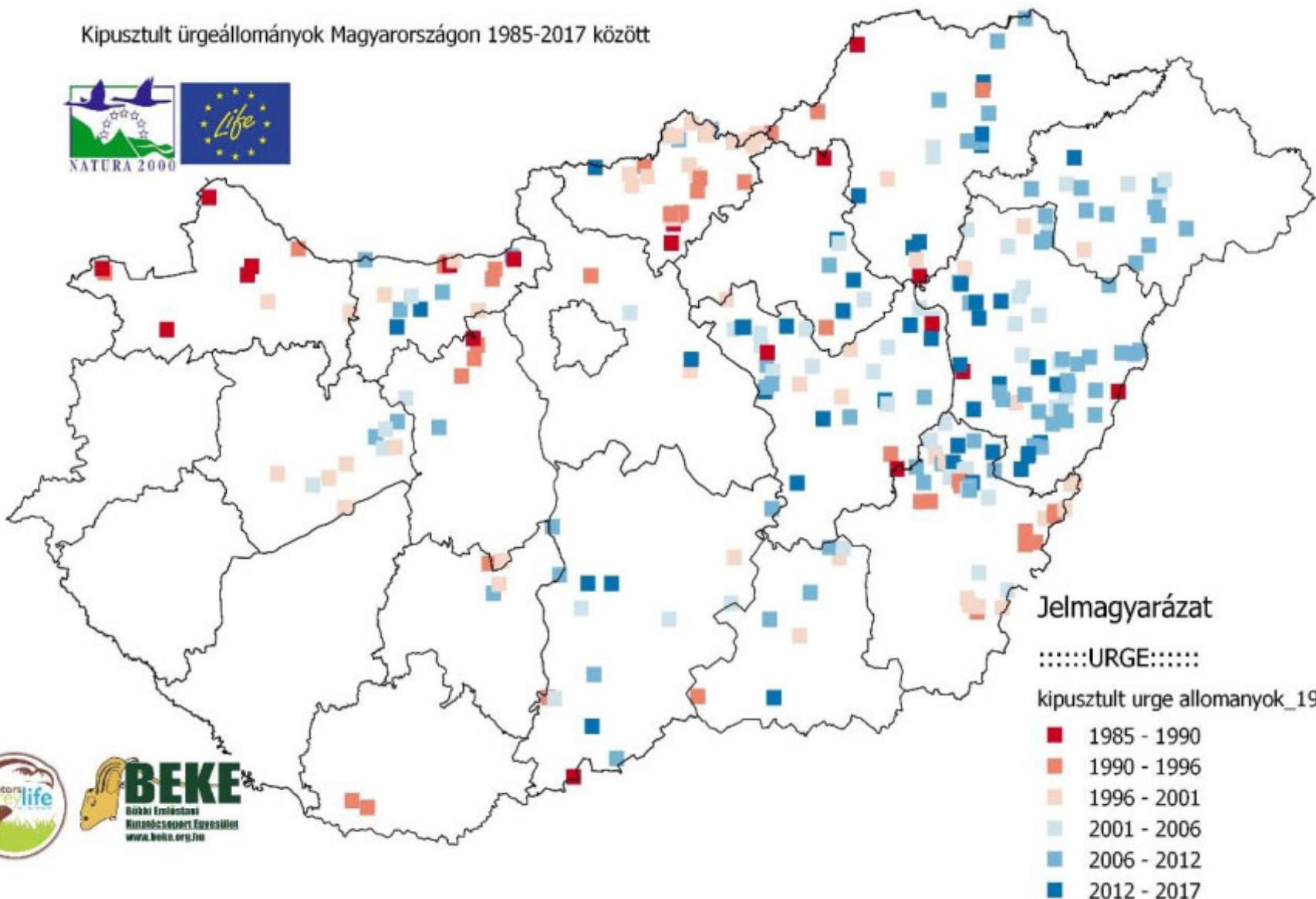
Photo: Ferenc Németh

# Extinction of local European Ground Squirrel (*Spermophilus citellus*) populations: 1985 – 2017

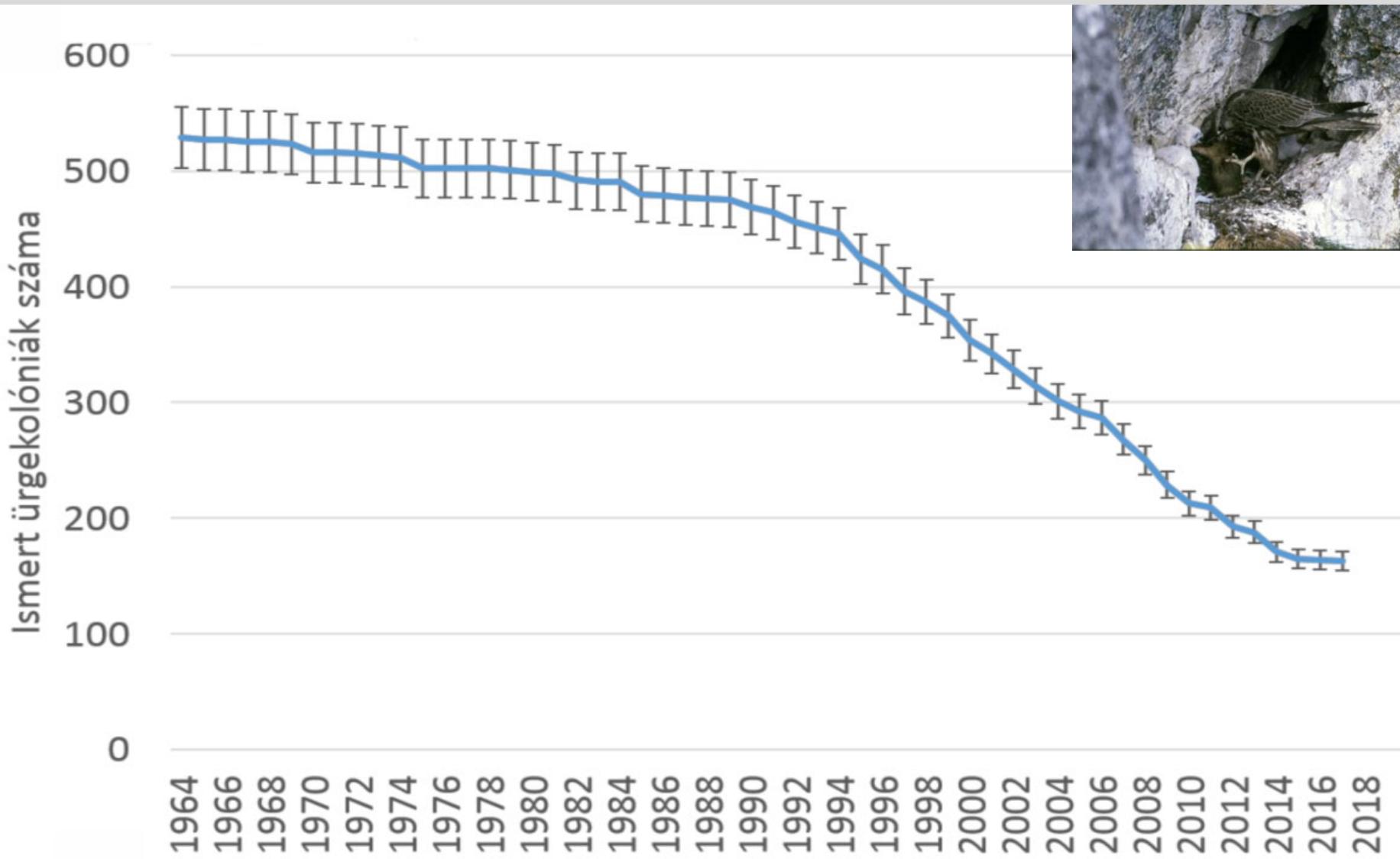
Kipusztult ürgeállományok Magyarországon 1985-2017 között



NATURA 2000



# Number of known European Ground Squirrel (*Spermophilus citellus*) colonies in Hungary between 1964 – 2018 (Cserkész et al.)

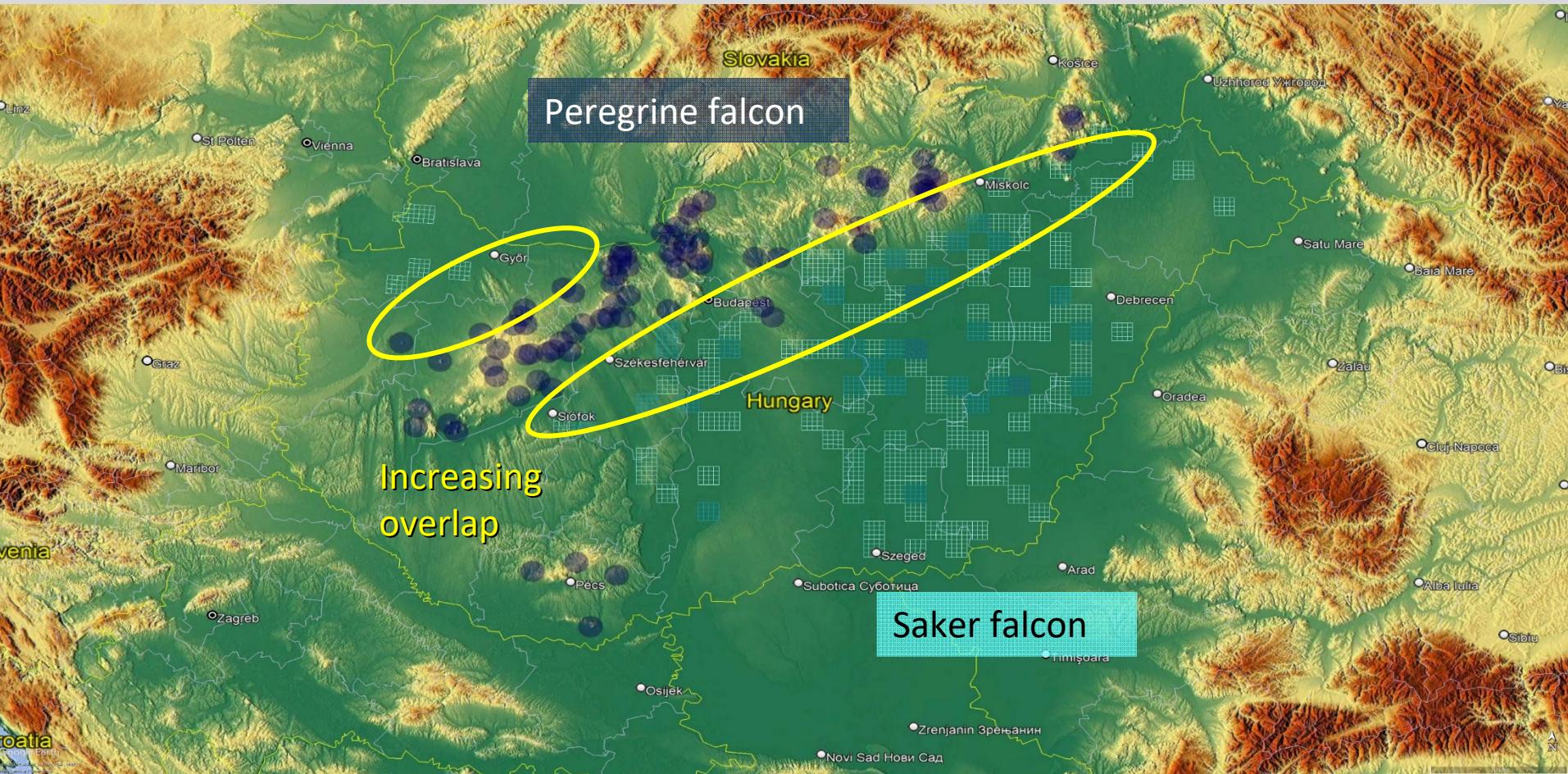


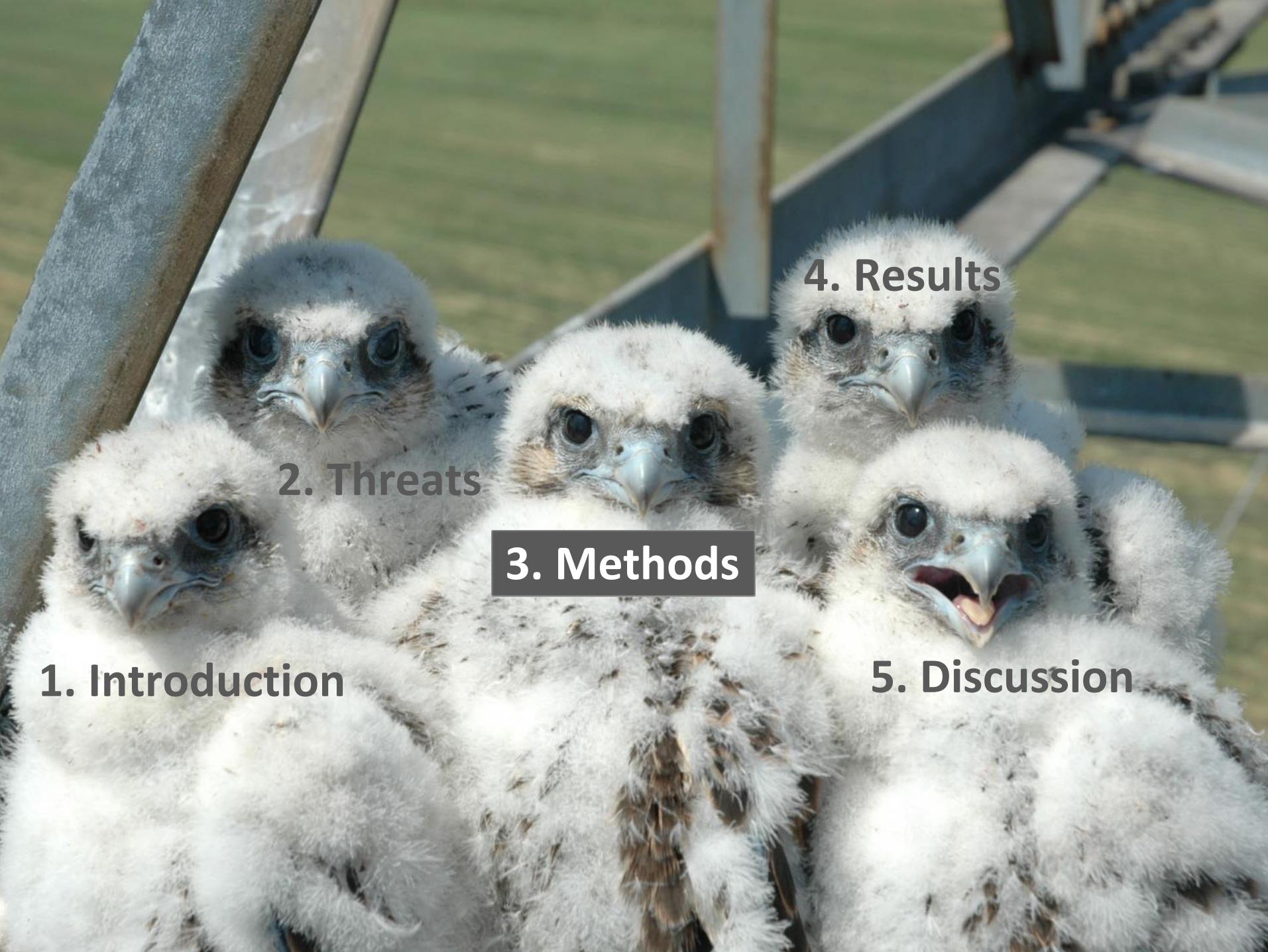
# Competition with Peregrine Falcon (*Falco peregrinus*)



# Distribution of Saker and Peregrine Falcon (*Falco peregrinus*) in Hungary in 2020

(*Bagyura & Prommer*)





**1. Introduction**

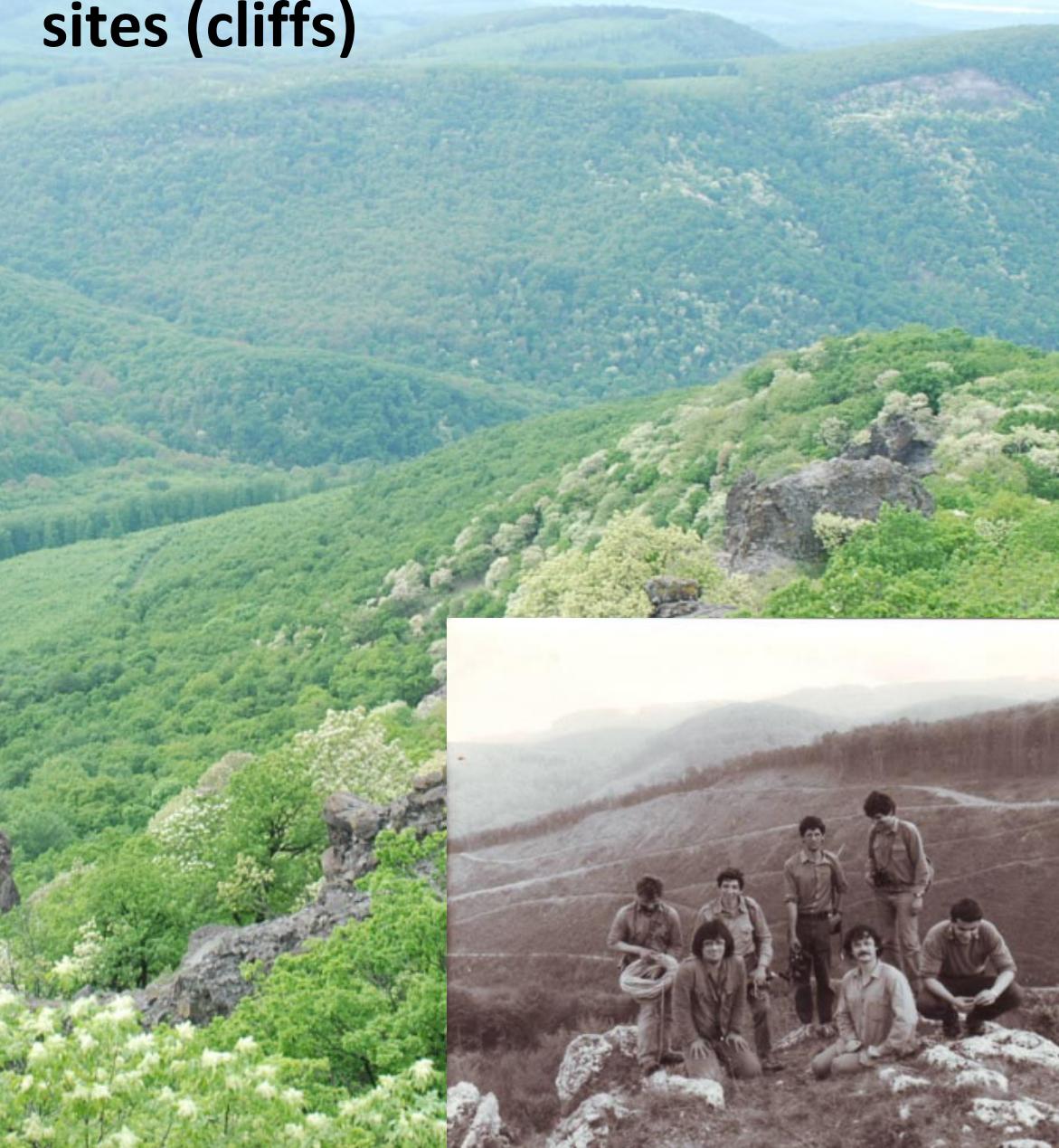
**2. Threats**

**3. Methods**

**4. Results**

**5. Discussion**

# 1980's: surveys and monitoring of mountain breeding sites (cliffs)

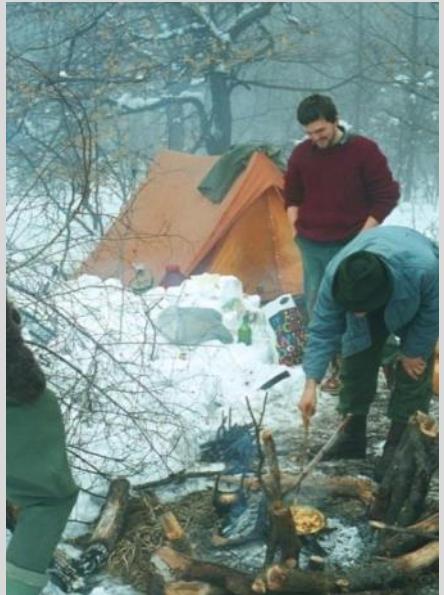


## 1980's: 100% cliff-nesting population



# 1980's: Nest guarding with volunteers

>1700 participants, 102 breeding, 238 fledged juvenile



# 1990's: surveys and monitoring of lowland breeding sites



Fotó: Bagyura János

# Natural & artificial nests on trees & pylons



# MAVIR – MME Cooperation

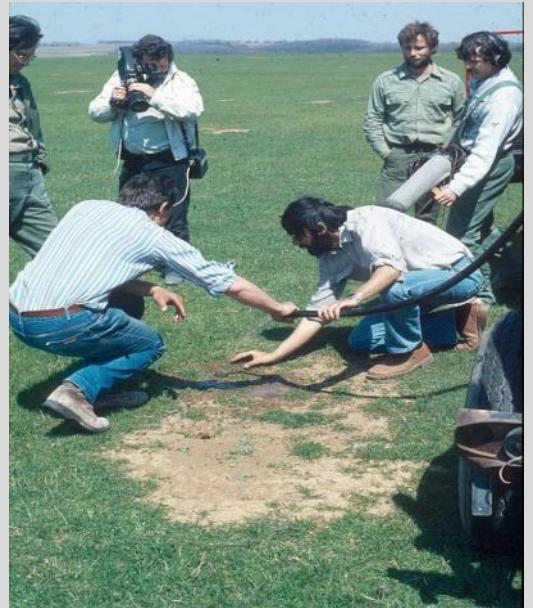
2023: >90% of the population is high-voltage (120-400 kV) pylons



# Bird-friendly modification of medium-voltage (22 kV) poles



# Reintroduction of European Ground Squirrel (*Spermophilus citellus*) colonies in Hungary (1980s-2010s)



# Rehabilitation of injured specimens



# Ringing chicks

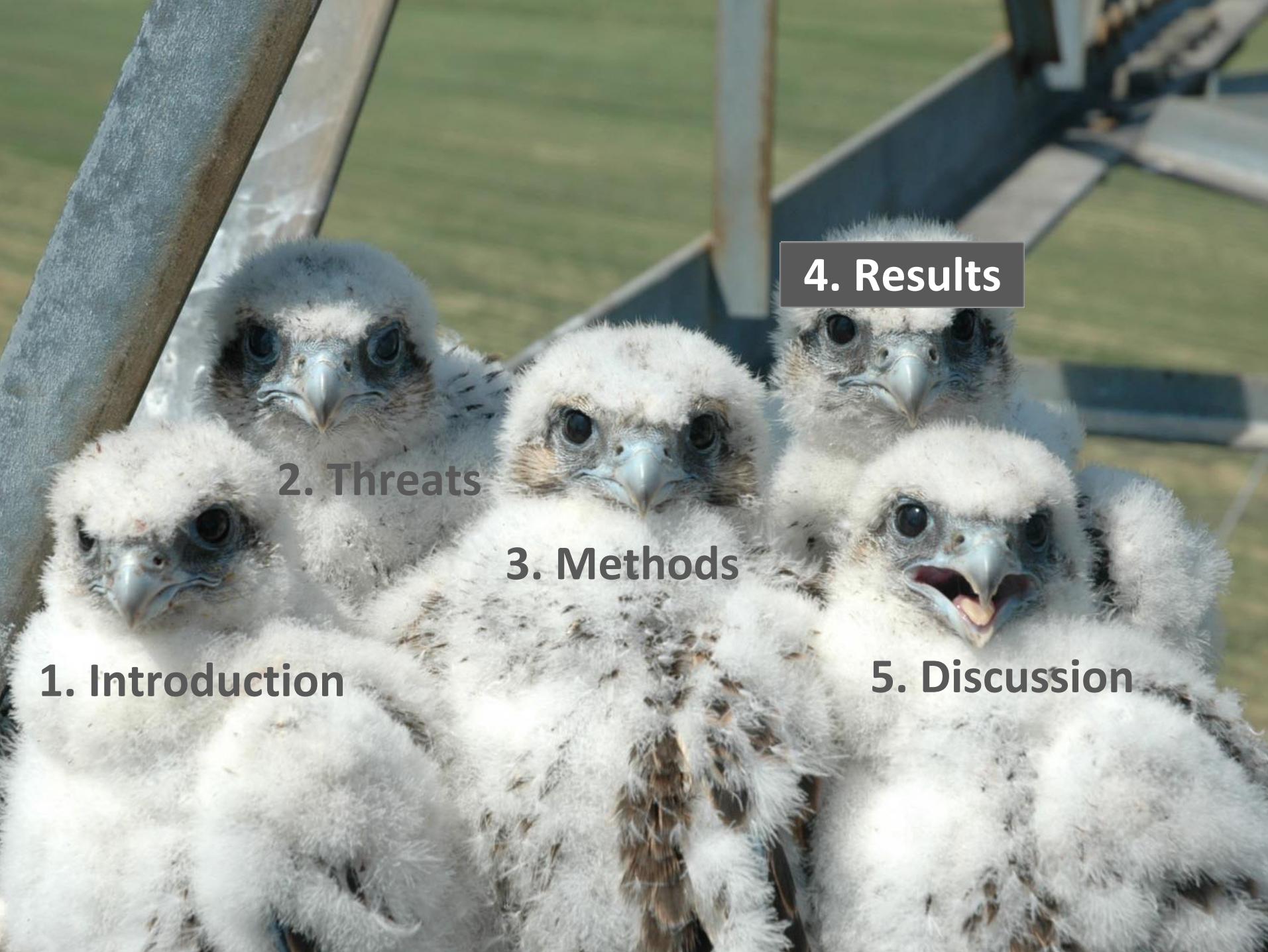


# Satellite-tracking



# Camera traps





**1. Introduction**

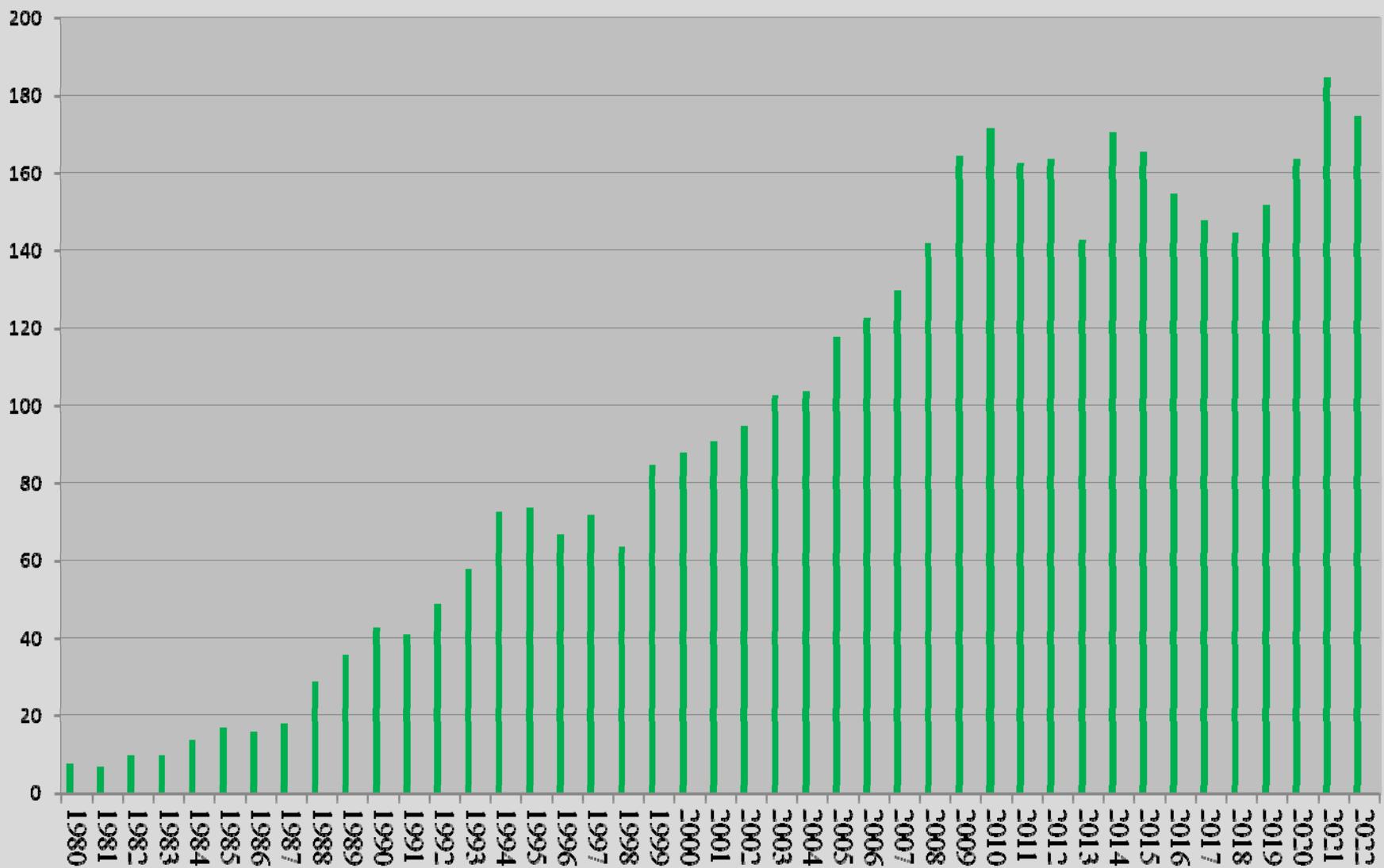
**2. Threats**

**3. Methods**

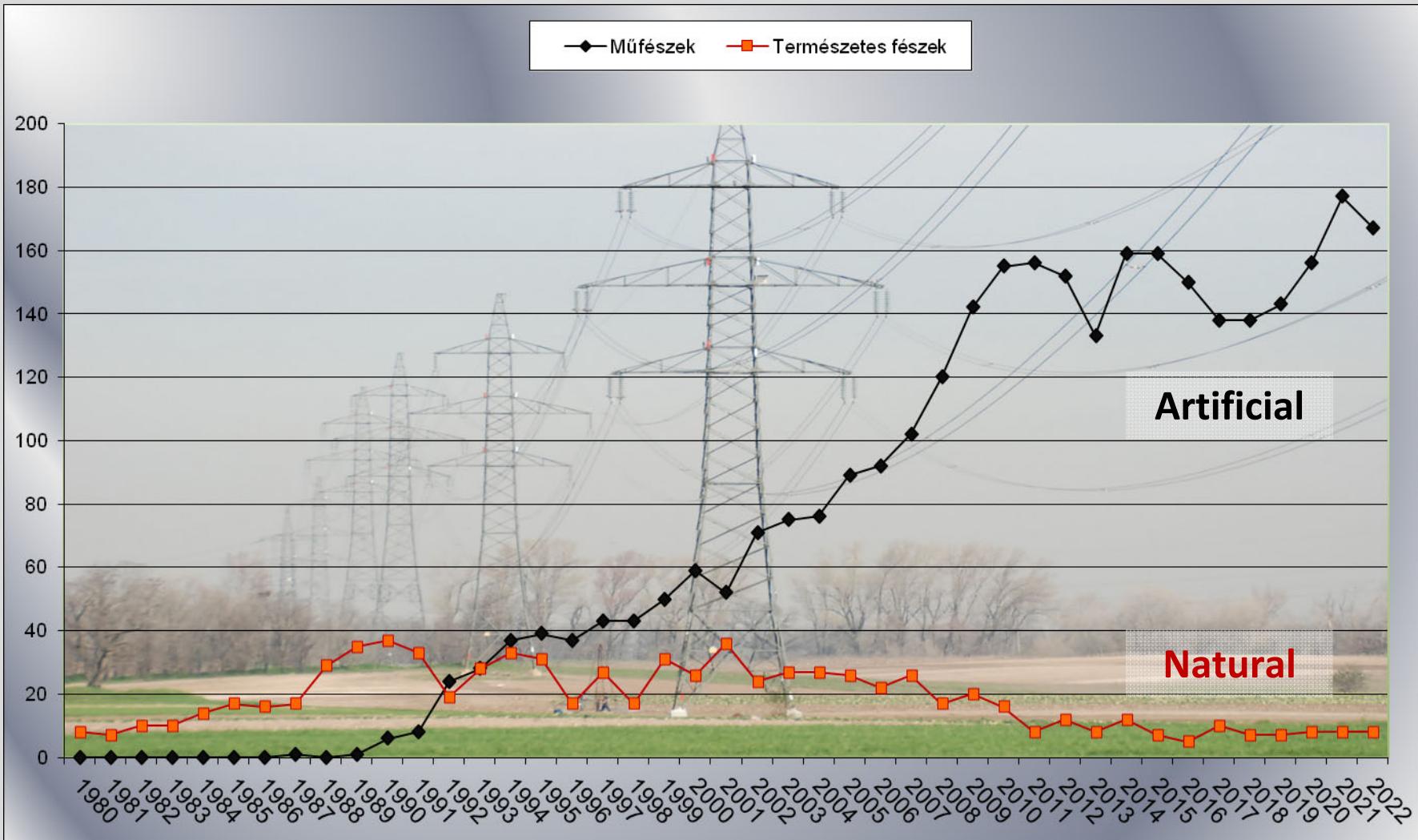
**4. Results**

**5. Discussion**

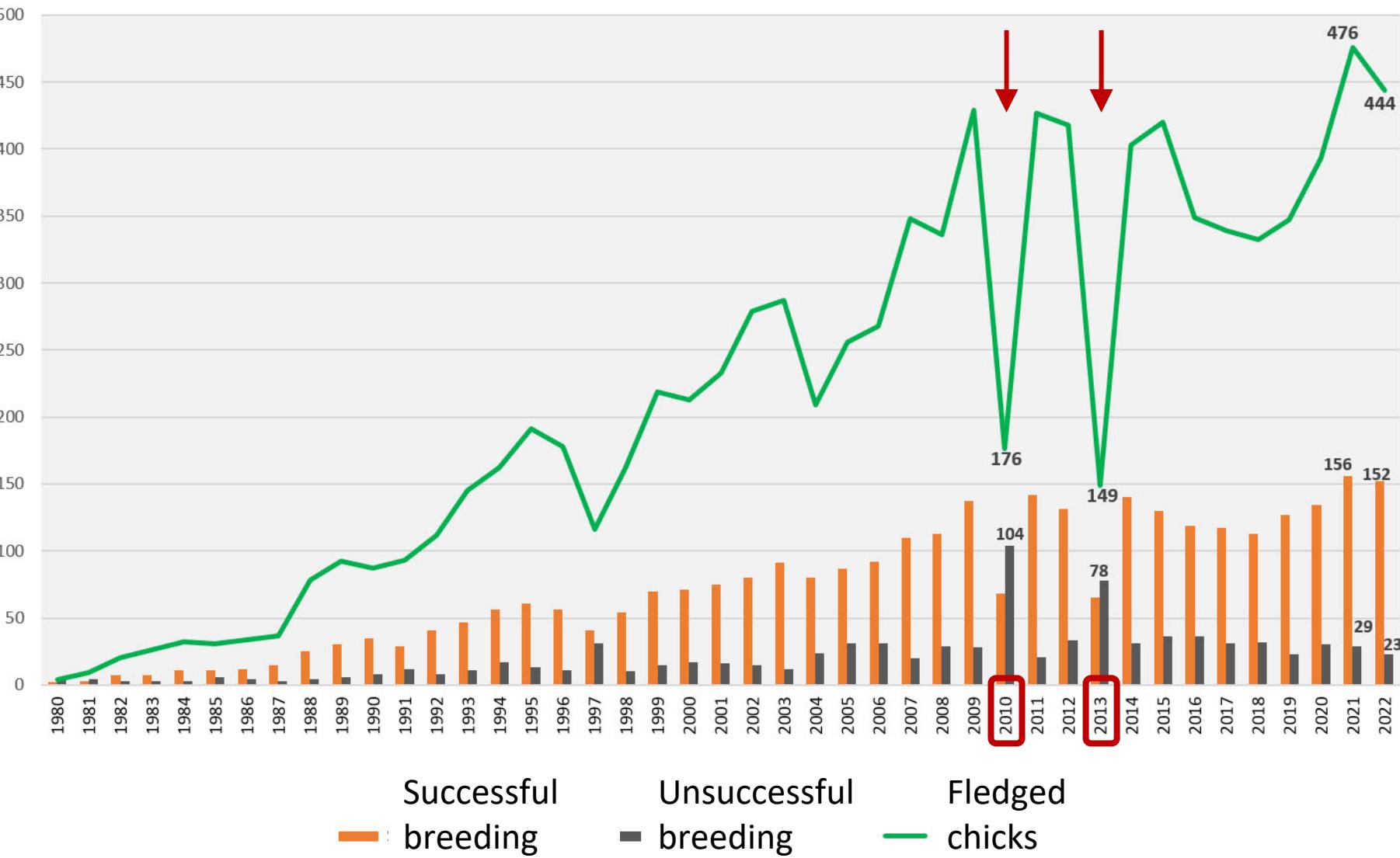
# No. of nesting Saker Falcon pairs in Hungary 1980 – 2022



# Change in occupancy of natural and artificial nests by Saker Falcons in Hungary (1980 – 2022)



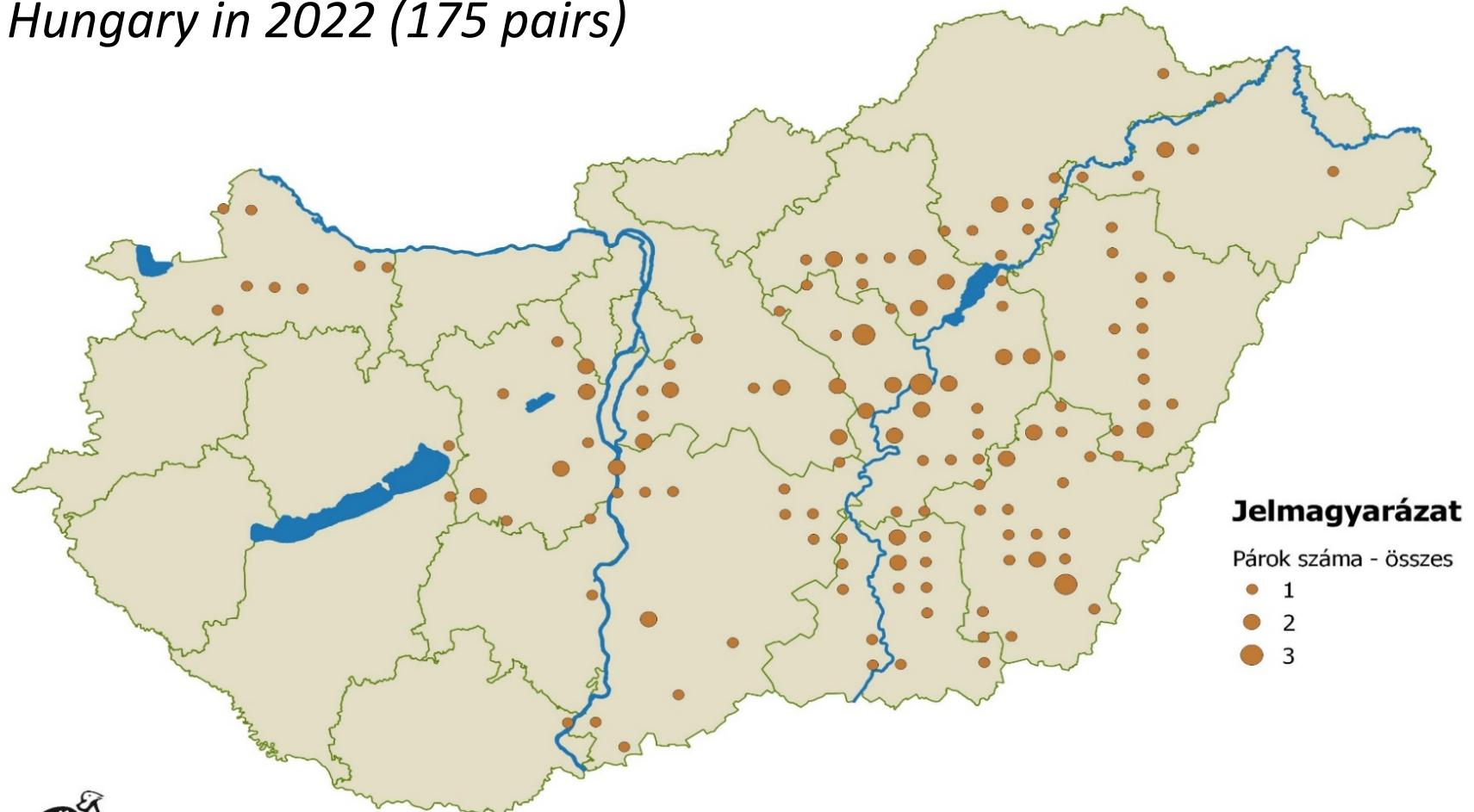
# Change in breeding success of Saker Falcons in Hungary (1980 – 2022)



# Extreme weather conditions



# *Distribution of Saker Falcons in Hungary in 2022 (175 pairs)*



Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület  
Ragadozómadár-védelmi Szakosztály

# Ringing (1951-2023)

Ringed SFs in HU:

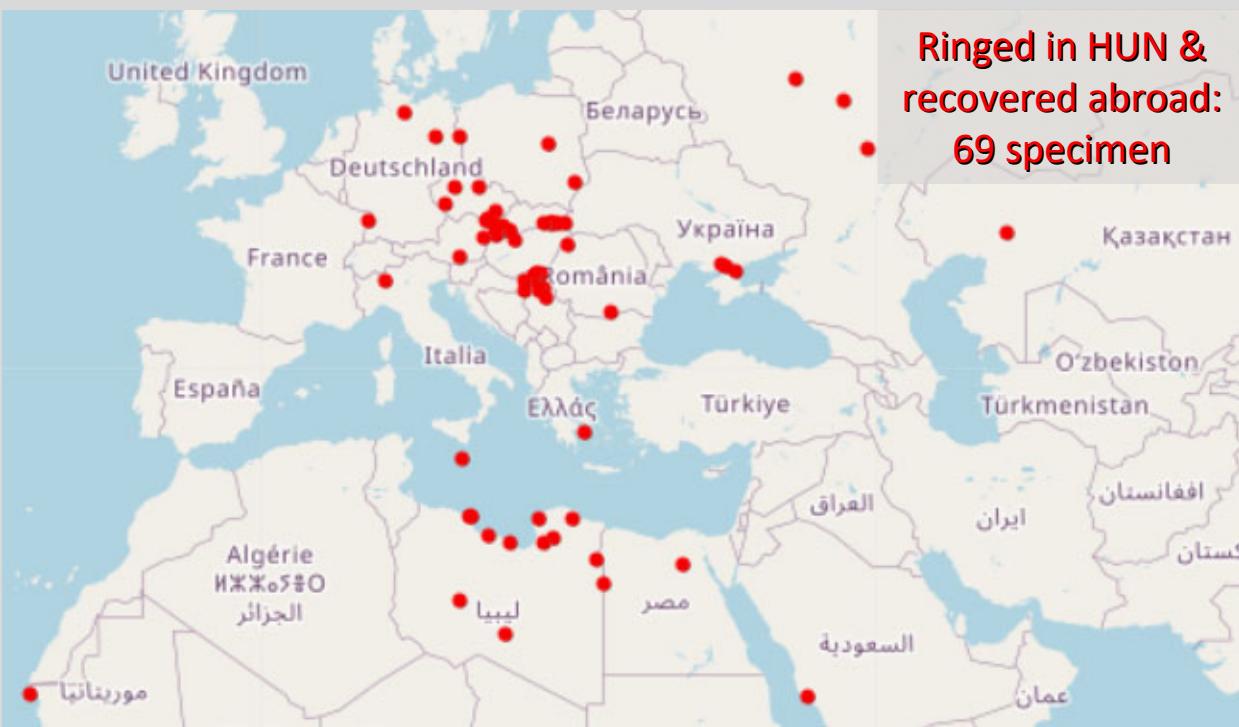
4441 (4302 chick)

Recovery of SFs ringed in HU:

204 (69 abroad) – 4.6% of ringed SFs

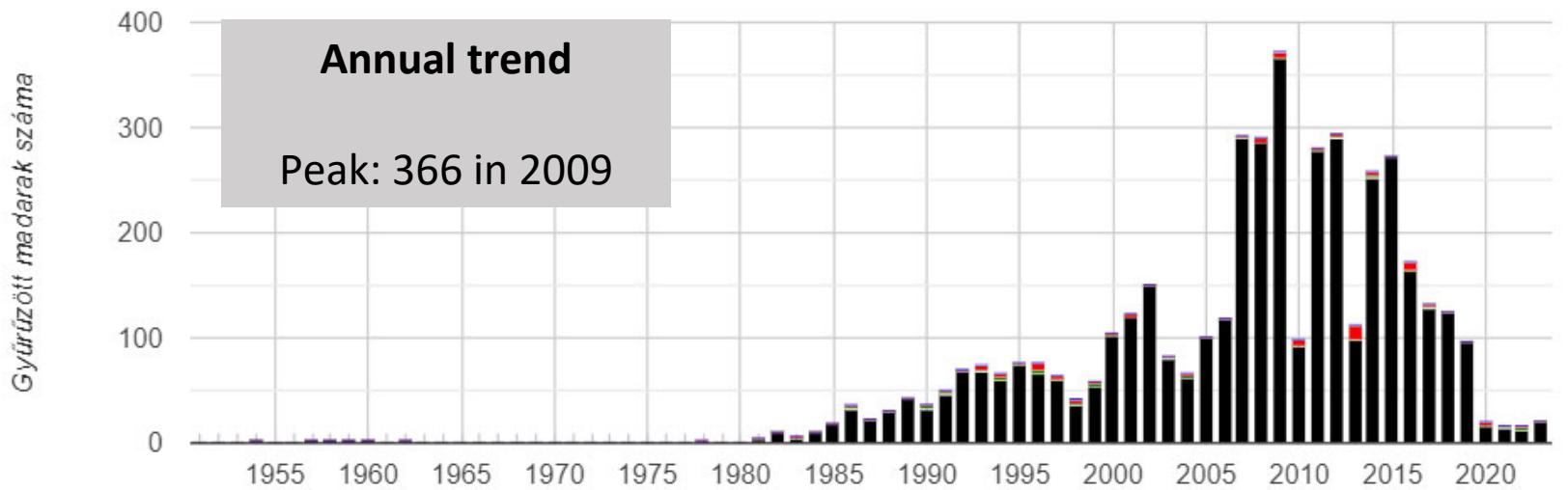
Furthest recovery: 4289 km (Mauritania)

Oldest recovery: 6825 days (18y 8m 5d)

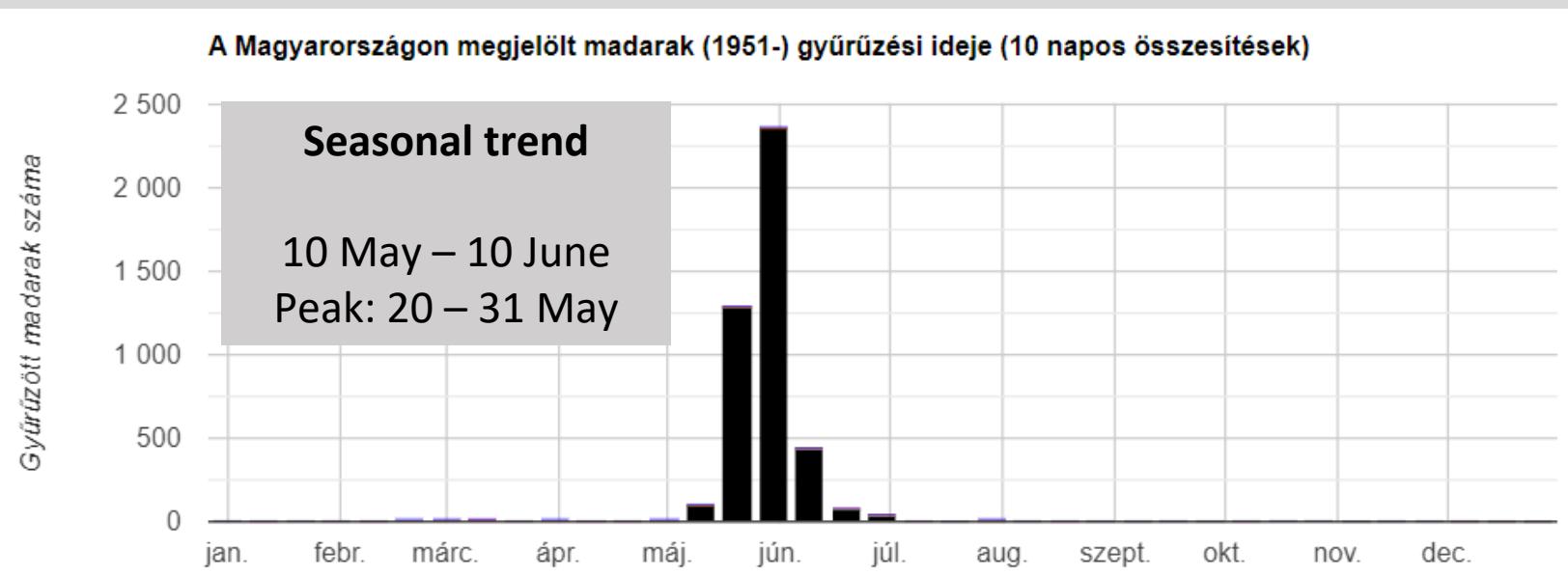


# Ringing (1951-2023)

A Magyarországon megjelölt madarak évenkénti száma (1951-)



A Magyarországon megjelölt madarak (1951-) gyűrűzési ideje (10 napos összesítések)

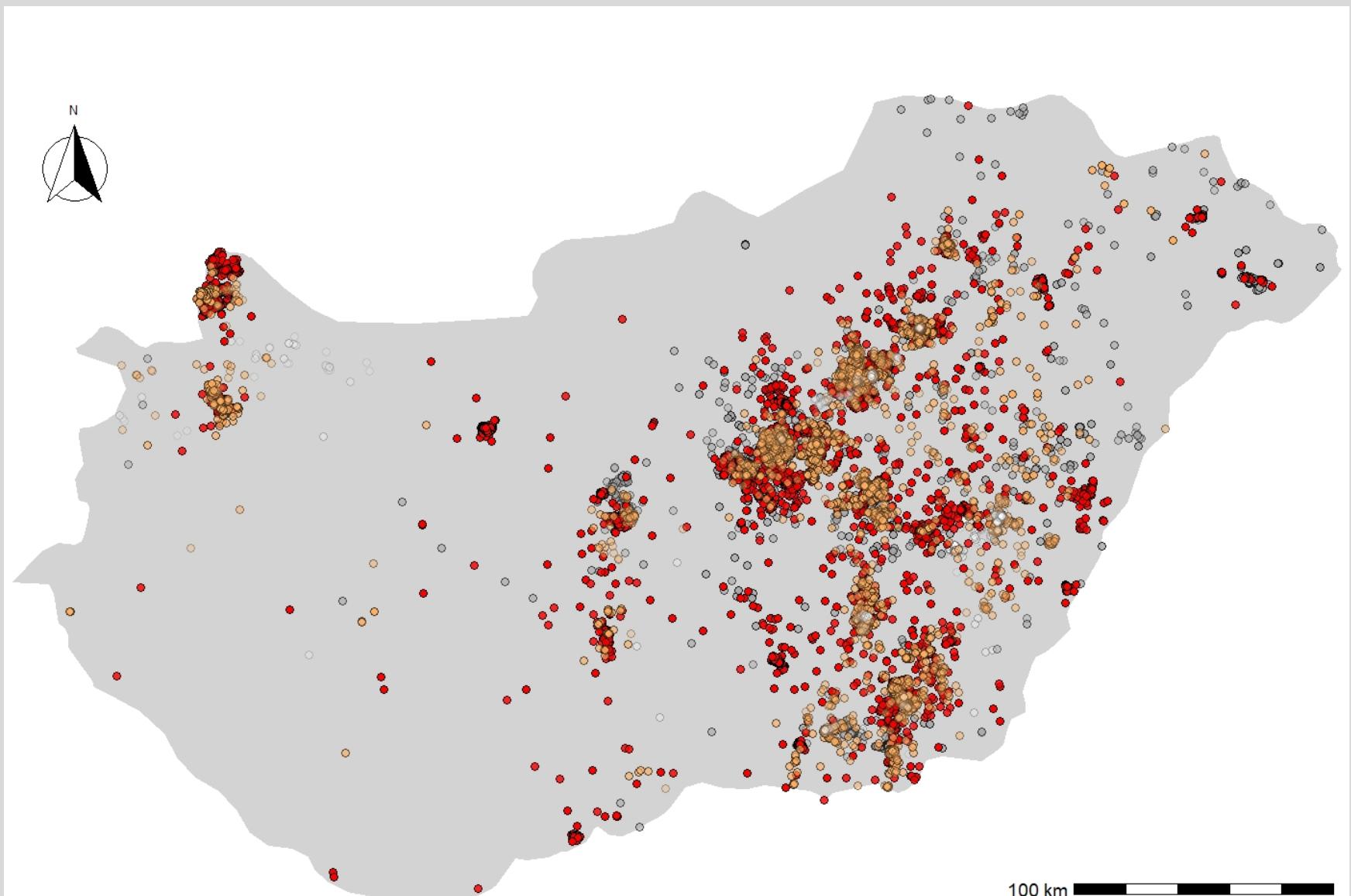


# Dispersion and migration of Saker Falcons from Hungary

Kazakhstan, Belorussia, Portugal, Niger, Egypt, Saud-Arabia etc.

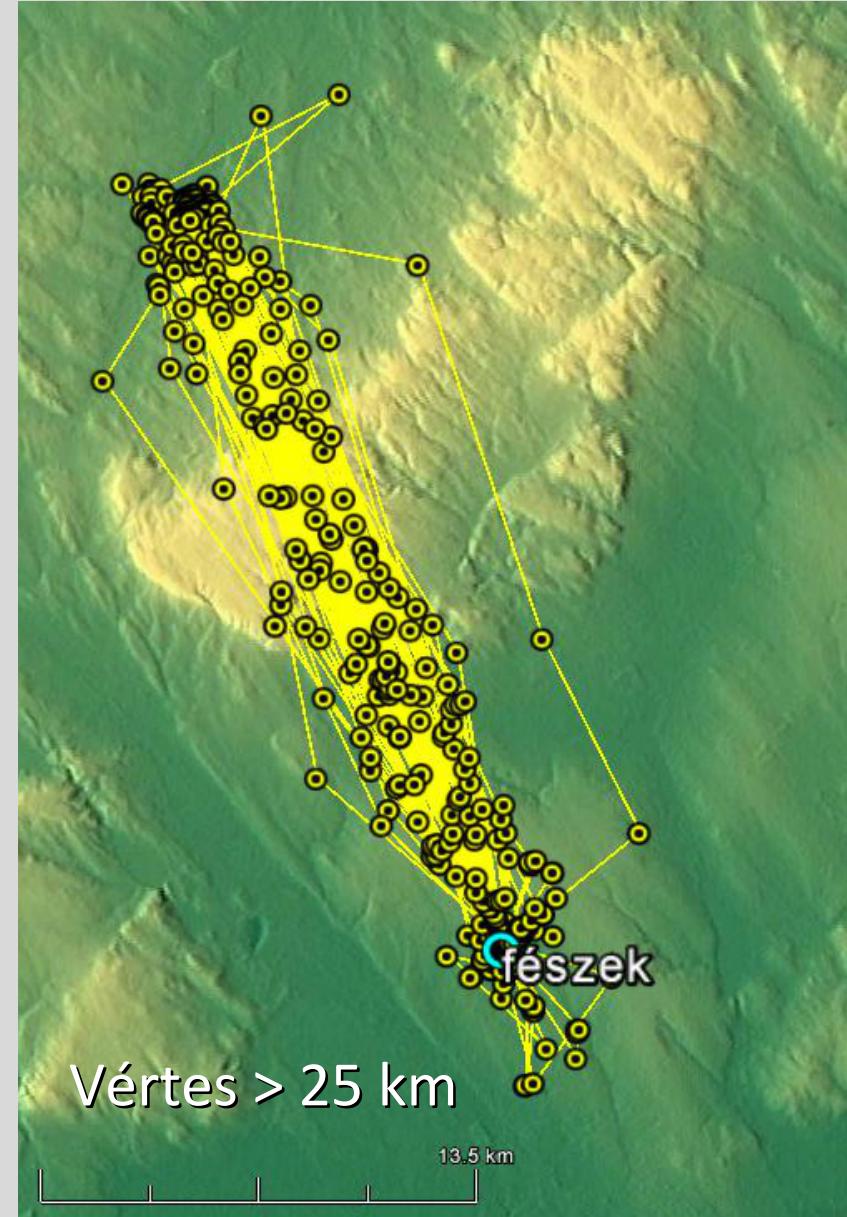
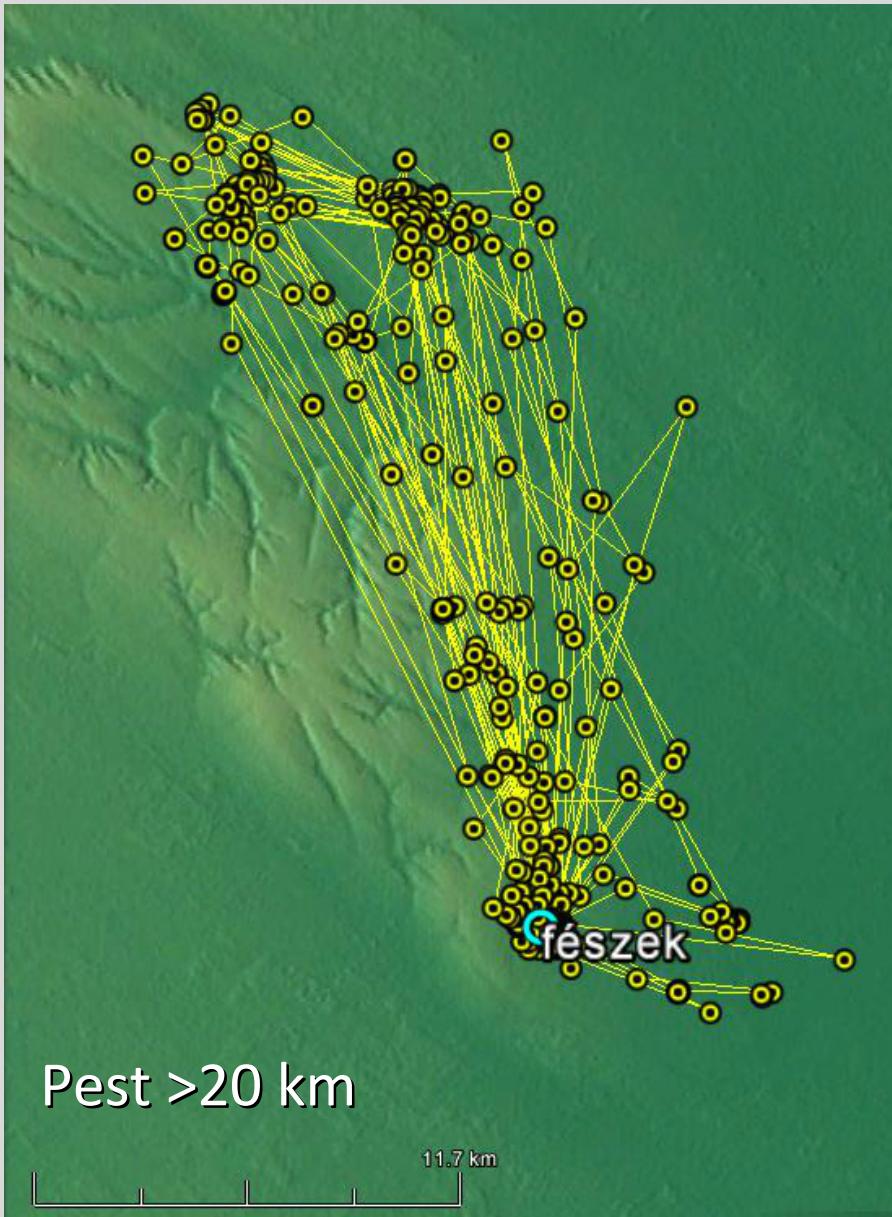


# Dispersion of Saker Falcons in Hungary

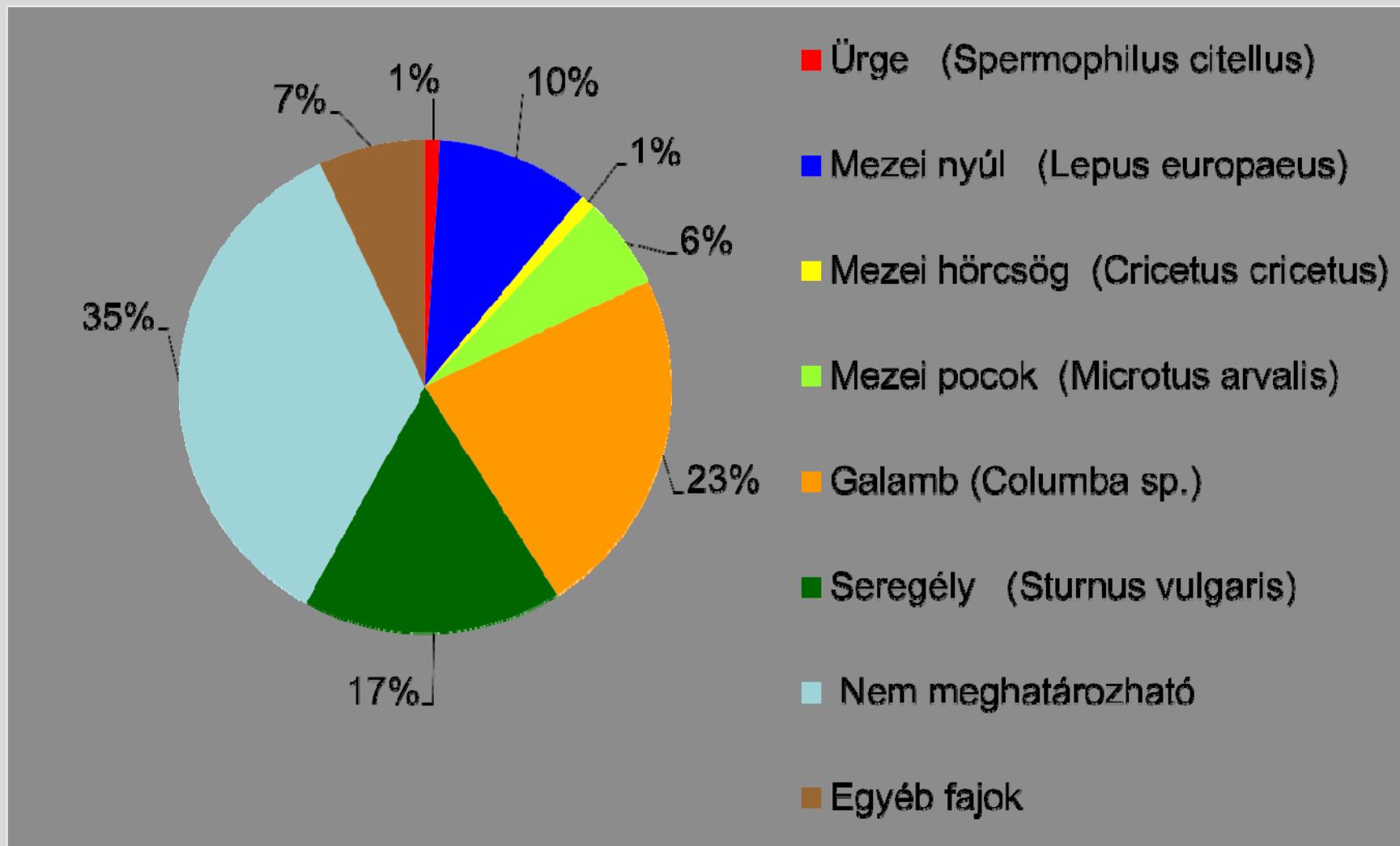


100 km

# Habitat use in breeding territory of Saker Falcons (adult males)

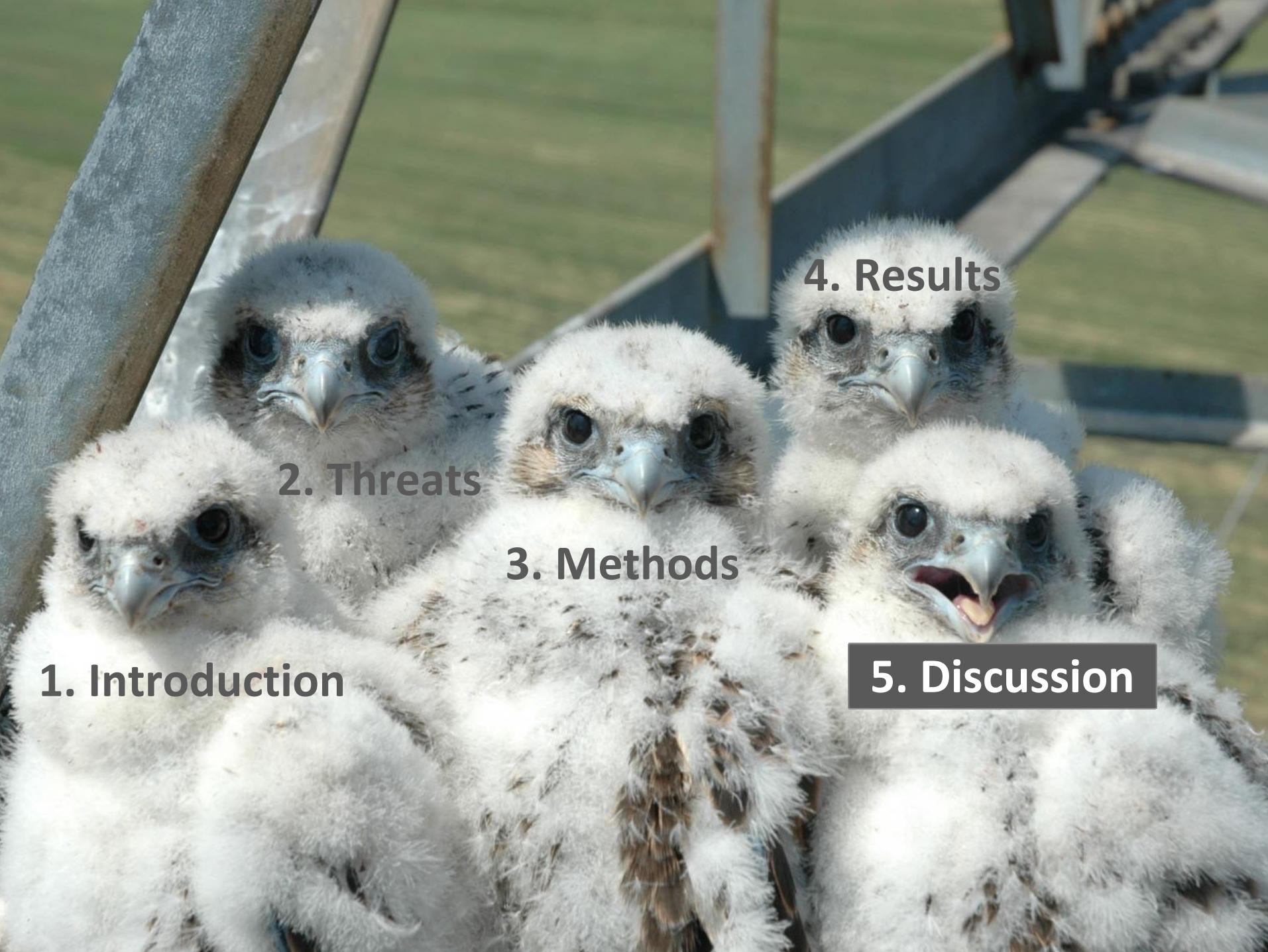


# Diet analyses of Saker Falcons in Hungary by camera traps (2015 – 2018)



42 nests, 67 breeding, 3,603 prey items

1986 -1991: Columba sp. 52% + European Ground Squirell 27%

A close-up photograph of five young peregrine falcon chicks. They are covered in white downy feathers with some brown spots on their wings and tails. They are perched on a dark, metallic structure, possibly a nest box or part of a wind turbine. The background is a blurred green field.

**1. Introduction**

**5. Discussion**

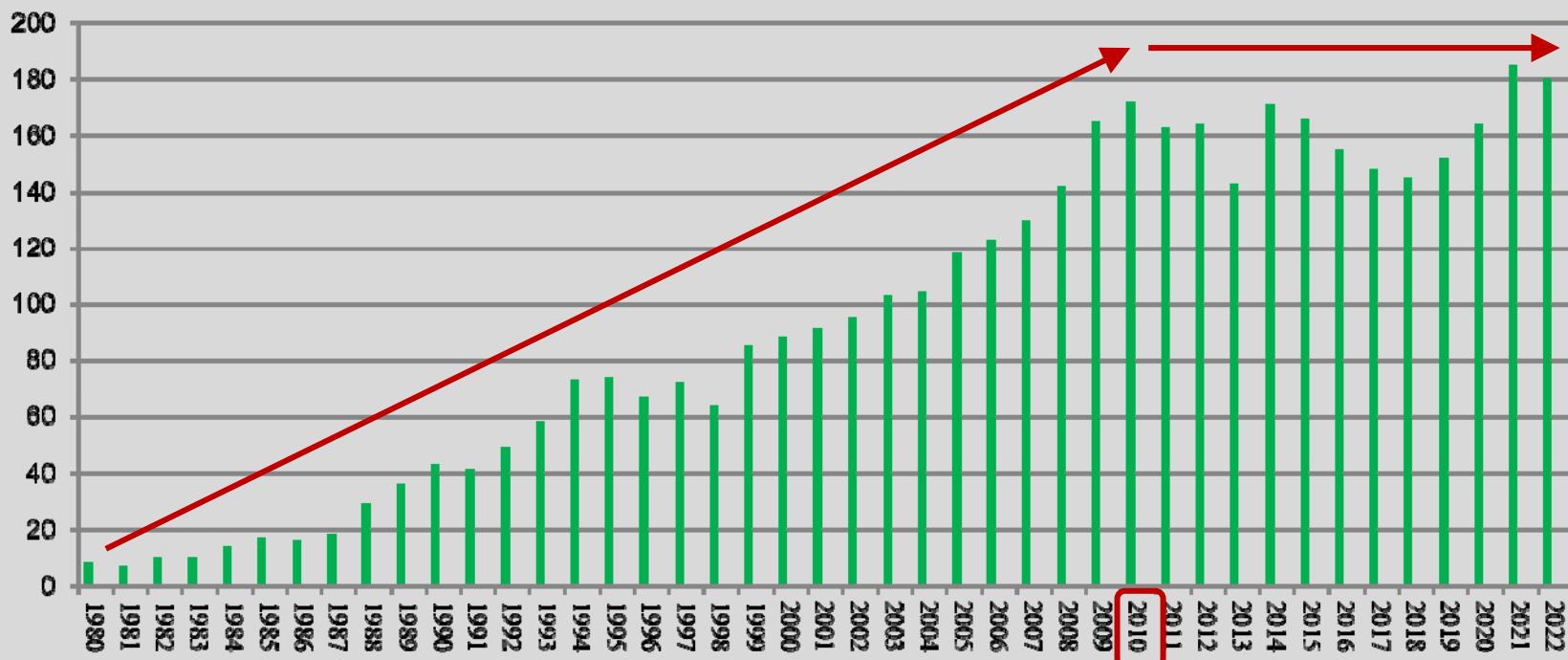
**2. Threats**

**3. Methods**

**4. Results**



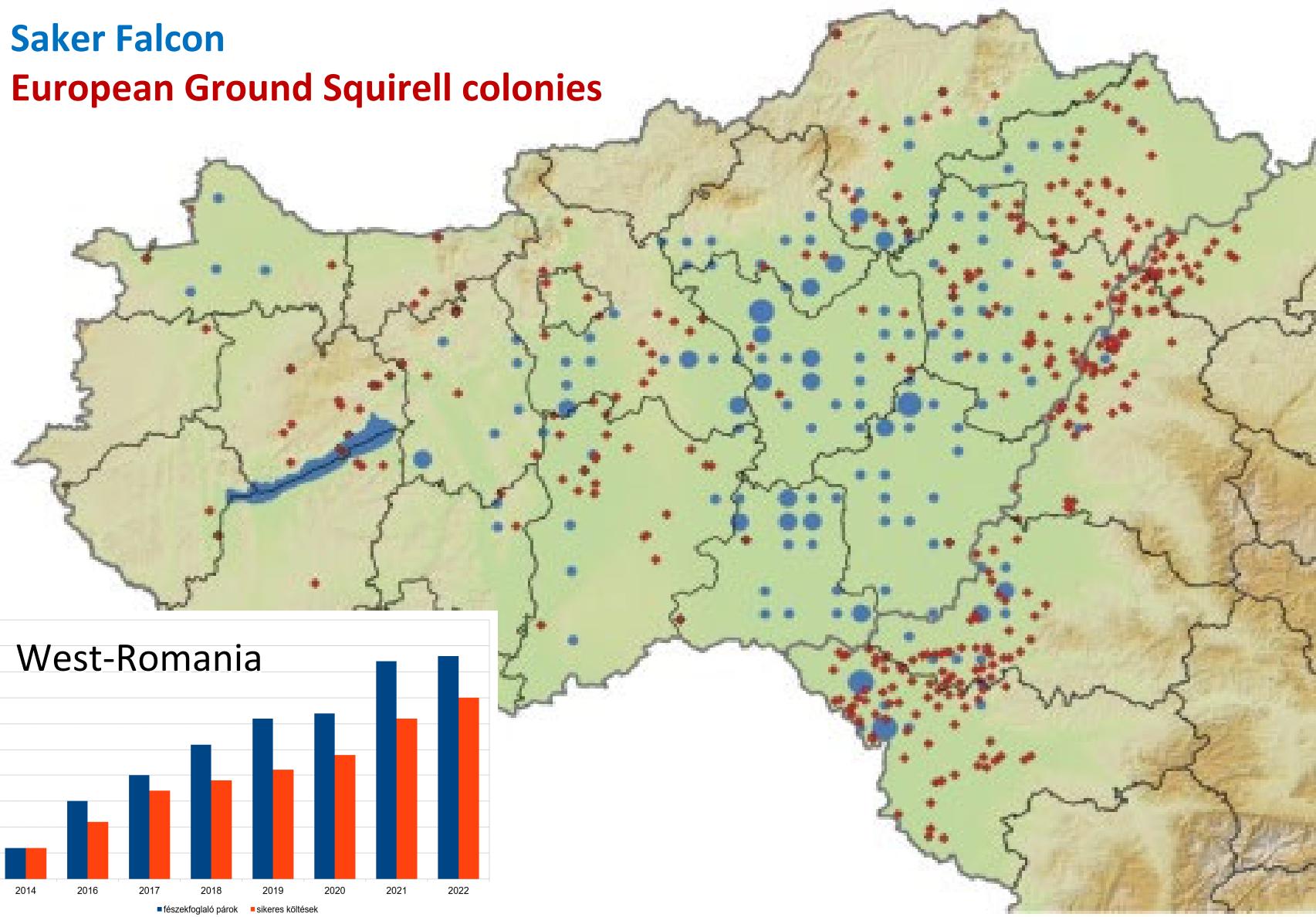
Nesting population of Saker Falcons (*Falco cherrug*) in Hungary  
between 1980-2022



# Increase in neighbouring countries (2017-2023): Romania, Serbia, Austria

Saker Falcon

European Ground Squirell colonies





LIFE\_BAGYURA\_2

Ottlaka (Romania)  
2020  
chick



Tiszaalpár  
(Hungary)  
2022  
breeding  
106 km

UOVISION

05.15.2022 16:10:07

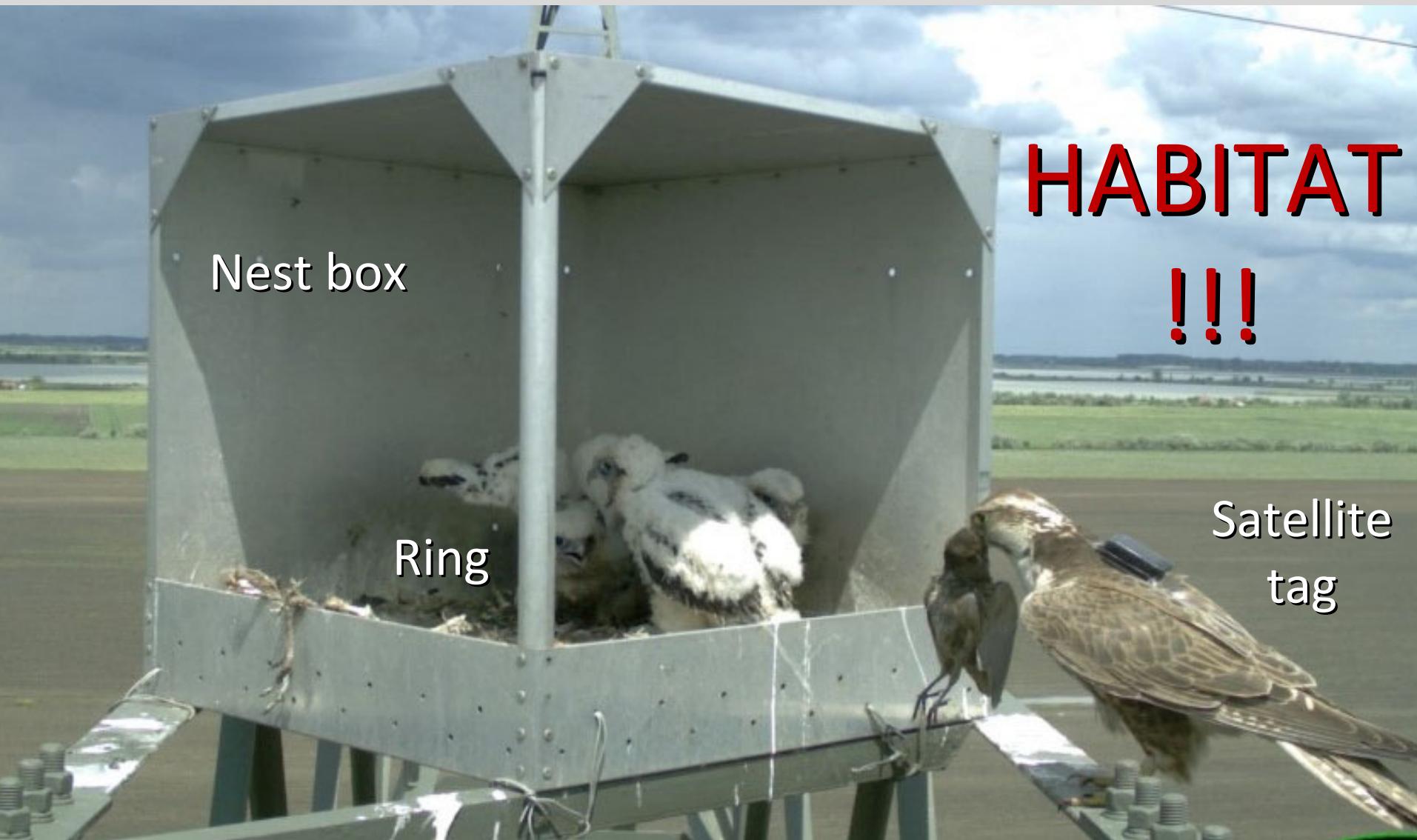
○ 15 029°C 084°F 🔋 6

# Continuation of the Saker Falcon Conservation Program in Hungary

- Monitoring
  - breeding distribution & success
  - diet
- Conservation
  - Artificial nests
- Research
  - Habitat use
  - Mortality & toxicology (eggs, chicks, adults)
  - Effects of agricultural intensification
  - Interspecific competition (raven, peregrine, imperial eagle, white-tailed eagle)
  - Possible effects of electromagnetic fields



# High-voltage pylon



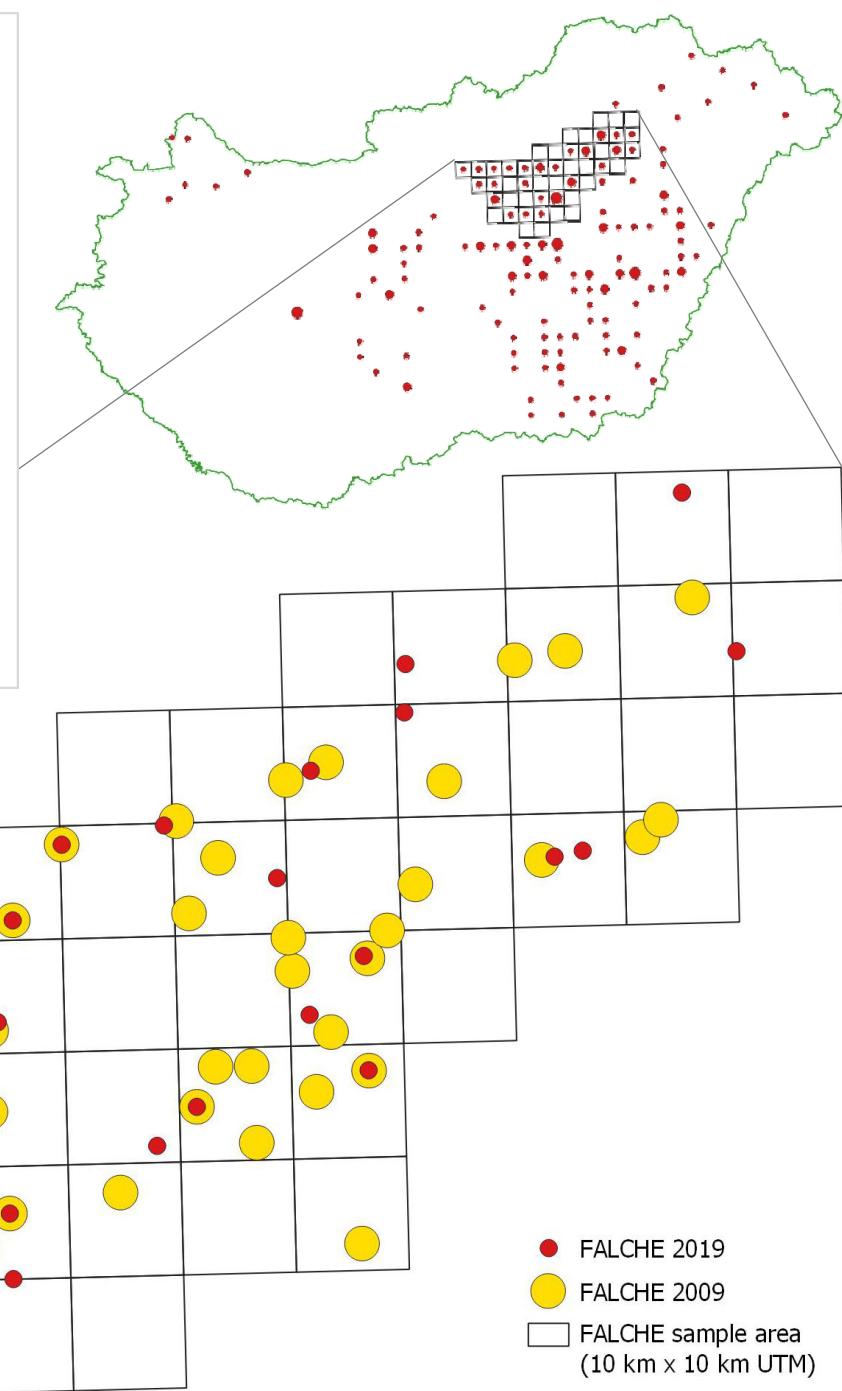
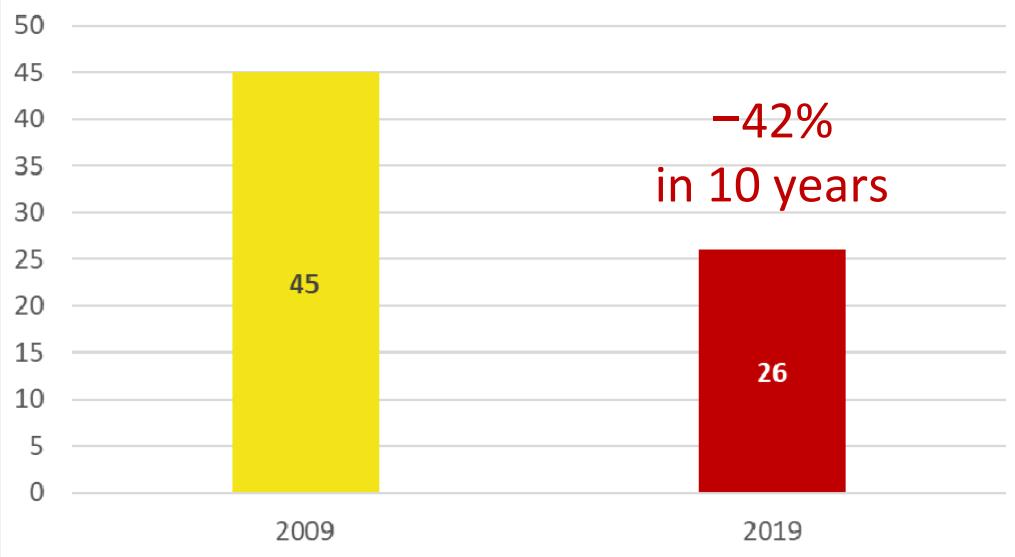
HABITAT  
!!!

# LIFE SakerRoads

Recovering the Saker Falcon population  
of the North-Hungarian Plain



Nesting pairs of Saker Falcons in the North-Hungarian Plain (Jászság, Hevesi sík, Borsodi sík, 4800 km<sup>2</sup>)



# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT



Revír  
Nonprofit  
Kft.

 **ECOTONE®**  
ECOTONE GPS TELEMETRY







János Bagyura

[bagyura.janos@mme.hu](mailto:bagyura.janos@mme.hu)

Saker Falcon program coordinator

MME BirdLife Hungary



Márton Horváth

[horvath.marton@mme.hu](mailto:horvath.marton@mme.hu)

Head of Species Conservation Unit

MME BirdLife Hungary